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ST2Aa Standard Describe how the contributions of scientists and inventors, representing different cultures, races, and gender, have contributed to science, technology, and human activity (e.g., George Washington Carver, Thomas Edison, Thomas Jefferson, Isaac Newton, Marie Curie, Galileo, Albert Einstein, Mae Jemison, Edwin Hubble, Charles Darwin, Jonas Salk, Louis Pasteur, Jane Goodall, Tom Akers, John Wesley Powell, Rachel Carson). The How (DOK) The What Scientists and inventors Describe of many cultures, races, genders have made contributions **Academic Vocabulary Kid Friendly Objective** I will describe scientific inventions and discoveries made by scientists of all cultures, races, genders, and ages. **Assessment of Kid Friendly Objectives** Students will choose a famous scientist from a list of multi-cultural/racial scientists and create a presentation. Activity Activity Activity Kagan: Sage Journal: List the Kagan: I have, Who has Each group will research scientists/inventors you information on a scientist. know and their Each student will be a sage contribution to society. for a different group.











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used to solve it. Include benefits and drawbacks.

- Students will identify economic problems and evaluate how science and technology can be used to solve it. Include benefits and drawbacks.
- Students will identify social problems and evaluate how science and technology can be used to solve it. Include benefits and drawbacks.

Activity Have groups discuss and write an evaluation of other groups solutions with pros and cons. Activity Research in groups Potential problems. Brainstorm possible solutions that use science / technology Activity Journal: What are some problems that science and technology may be used to solve the problem. Explain who or what does this problem affect.

ST1B

Standard

Identify the link between technological developments and the scientific discoveries made possible through their development (e.g., Hubble telescope and stellar evolution, composition and structure of the universe; the electron microscope and cell organelles; sonar and the composition of the Earth; manned and unmanned space missions and space exploration; Doppler radar and weather conditions; MRI and CAT-scans and brain activity).











ES3Ac



ME1Aa



ME1Ab



ME1Ac



ME1Ad



ME1Ba



ME1Bb



ME1Bc



ME1Ga



ME1Gb

Standard

Identify chemical changes (i.e., rusting, oxidation, burning, decomposition by acids, decaying, baking) in common objects (i.e., rocks such as limestone, minerals, wood, steel wool, plants) as a result of interactions with sources of energy or other matter that form new substances with different characteristic properties.



determine the cause (chemical change: rusting, oxidation, burning, decomposition by acids, decaying baking) and the effect new substance with different characteristic properties OR

Determine the cause of the chemical change. Explain the effect of the chemical change and include properties before and after.


ME1Gc




























































































Describe evidence (e.g., diffusion of food coloring in water, light reflecting off of dust particles in the air, condensation of water vapor by increased pressure or decreased temperature) that supports the theory that matter is composed of small particles (atoms, molecules) that are in constant, random motion.



